

COVID-19: Aerosol Generating Procedure List and Guidance

Before Performing Procedure	
Supplies	PRIOR to performing aerosol generating procedures on COVID suspected/confirmed patients, obtain the following supplies from the unit supply room: N-95 mask Goggles Gown Gloves (may obtain from patient's room)
	Aerosol Generating Procedures
Medical Procedures	 Endoscopy including EGD, Bronchoscopy, and Transesophageal Echocardiogram Endoscopy in COVID patients is highly discouraged Intubation Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) Tracheostomy placement Extubation Fiberscope Endoscopic Evaluation of Swallow (FEES
Bedside Care (non-intubated patients)	 NG / Dobhoff placement Sputum-Induction / Sputum-Expectoration Nasopharyngeal Swab (testing for COVID)
Bedside Care (intubated patients)	 Suctioning (should be treated as aerosol generating due to high risk of circuit disruption). Oral suctioning is NOT aerosol generating in intubated patient. Trach Mask Trials Manipulation of Ventilator Circuit (including disconnecting circuit or cuff leak testing) Tracheal Aspiration "mini" bronchoalveolar lavage (mBAL) Nasopharyngeal Swab (testing for COVID)
Respiratory Support	 CPAP* BIPAP* IPPV (intermittent positive pressure ventilation) Metered-dose Inhaler (MDI) or nebulized medication Refer to Pharmacy policy for selection of MDI versus nebulized medication

^{*} CPAP / BIPAP should be avoided in known COVID-19 patients. If used, HEPA filter should be attached to exhalation port

^{**} Patient rooms should be considered "high risk" post aerosol generating procedure for 69-minutes if standard room – OR 28-minutes if negative airflow room