

Are Your Medications Causing MS-Related Fatigue?

Pharmacologic effects and treatments for MS-related fatigue

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Multiple Sclerosis Related Fatigue

- Reported by 70-90% people with MS
- Impacts Quality of Life
- Decreased work hours
- Early Retirement
- Social Isolation

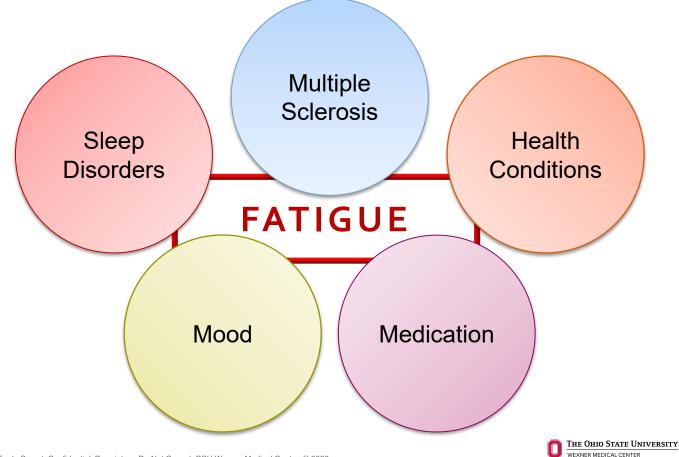
Poor Concentration Physical Fatigue Fatigue No Energy of Rest Exertion Poor Memory Lassitude Mental Fatigue Weakness

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Multiple Sclerosis 2006;12:24-38

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Factors Affecting Fatigue



Medications That Can Worsen Fatigue

Pain Medications	Muscle Relaxers	Benzodiazepines
Opioids	Baclofen	Alprazolam (Xanax)
Gabapentin	Tizanidine (Zanaflex)	Diazepam (Valium)
Pregabalin (Lyrica)	Cyclobenzaprine (Flexeril)	Clonazepam (Klonopin)
Amitriptyline (Elavil)	Carisoprodol (Soma)	Lorazepam (Ativan)
Nortriptyline (Pamelor)	Methocarbamol (Robaxin)	
Doxepin		

Medications That Can Worsen Fatigue

Sleep Medications	Anti-seizure Medications	Other
Zolpidem (Ambien) Eszopiclone (Lunesta) Zaleplon (Sonata) Suvorexant (Belsomra) Lemborexant (DayVigo) Mirtazapine	Carbamazepine (Tegretol) Oxcarbazepine (Trileptal) Topiramate (Topamax) Primidone / Phenobarbital Levetiracetam (Keppra)	Interferon beta (Rebif, Avonex) Oxybutynin Hydroxyzine Diphenhydramine (Benadryl) Beta blockers Quetiapine (Seroquel) Diuretics Caffeine Alcohol Marijuana



What to do if you think your medications may be making your fatigue worse?

- Do talk to your doctor or pharmacist about which medications could be making fatigue worse
- ✓ Do consider decreasing doses or trial stopping medications that may not be helping you
- ✓ Do use benzodiazepines and sleep medications minimally and for the shortest durations
- Do continue to take your MS disease modifying medications

- Do not stop taking your medications without talking to your doctor first
 - Do not be afraid to take the medications on this list



Medications to Treat MS-Related Fatigue

- No FDA-approved medications for MS-related fatigue
- Central Nervous System Stimulants
 - Amantadine
 - Modafinil (Provigil)
 - Methylphenidate (Concerta, Ritalin)
 - Dextroamphetamine / Amphetamine (Adderall)





Amantadine

- <u>Dose</u>: 100mg twice a day
- <u>Side effects</u>: dizziness, low blood pressure, insomnia, dry mouth, constipation, swelling in legs, hands, or feet
- Monitoring:
 - Kidney function
- Avoid in:
 - Pregnancy or breast feeding (limited data)
- Tips:
 - Morning and midday dosing
 - Effects seen in 2-4 weeks

Modafinil (Provigil)

- <u>Dose</u>: starting 100mg once a day; increase to 200mg daily
- Side effects: headache, insomnia
- Warnings: rare severe skin reactions
- Avoid in:
 - Pregnancy or breast feeding (limited data)
 - Some heart conditions
- Drug Interactions:
 - Hormonal birth control (pills, shot, implant, ring)
- Tips:
 - Once or twice a day dosing (morning and midday)
 - Effects seen in 2-4 weeks
 - Class IV controlled substance

Methylphenidate (Concerta, Ritalin) & Dextroamphetamine / Amphetamine (Adderall)

Dose:

- Methylphenidate IR 5mg once or twice daily; maximum 40mg/day
- Amphetamine salts IR 5-10mg per day; maximum 40mg/day
- <u>Side effects</u>: headache, decreased appetite, insomnia, dry mouth
- Avoid with:
 - Some heart conditions, severe high blood pressure
 - Some psychiatric disorders
- Tips:
 - Once or twice a day dosing (morning and midday)
 - May use as needed
 - Class II controlled substance

Effectiveness of MS-Fatigue Medications

TRIUMPHANT-MS: 2021 randomized, placebo-controlled, doubleblinded study

- 136 people with MS who reported fatigue randomized to one of four treatment sequences.
 - Amantadine
 - Modafinil
 - Methylphenidate
 - Placebo

- 6 wk 6 wk
- Fatigue assessed on an MS fatigue scale (MFIS) on week 5 for each medication or placebo.
- Participants had a minimum MFIS score of 33 (range 0-84) to be included in the study.

Safety and efficacy of amantadine, modafinil, and methylphenidate for fatigue in multiple sclerosis. Lancet Neurol. 2021; 20:38-48.



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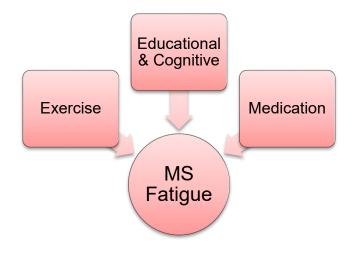
- Average baseline fatigue score for group: 51.3
 - Amantadine 5-week fatigue score: <u>41.3</u>
 - Modafinil 5-week fatigue score: <u>39.0</u>
 - Methylphenidate 5-week fatigue score: <u>38.6</u>
 - Placebo 5-week fatigue score: <u>40.6</u>
- Conclusions
 - Amantadine, modafinil, methylphenidate were not better than placebo at improving MS-related fatigue
 - Modafinil and methylphenidate may improve wakefulness in people with excessive daytime sleepiness

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MS-Related Fatigue Treatment

- Identifying and treating other causes of fatigue
- Optimizing sleep
- Optimizing overall health and nutrition





Thank You

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